CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5193

Chapter 329, Laws of 2013

63rd Legislature 2013 Regular Session

WOLF CONFLICT MANAGEMENT

EFFECTIVE DATE: 07/28/13

Passed by the Senate April 27, 2013 YEAS 43 NAYS 1

BRAD OWEN

President of the Senate

Passed by the House April 25, 2013 YEAS 96 NAYS 2

Approved May 21, 2013, 2:45 p.m.

FRANK CHOPP

Speaker of the House of Representatives

CERTIFICATE

I, Hunter G. Goodman, Secretary of the Senate of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5193 as passed by the Senate and the House of Representatives on the dates hereon set forth.

HUNTER G. GOODMAN

Secretary

FILED May 21, 2013

JAY INSLEE

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State State of Washington

ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5193

AS AMENDED BY THE HOUSE

Passed Legislature - 2013 Regular Session

State of Washington

63rd Legislature

2013 Regular Session

By Senate Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Smith, Roach, Honeyford, and Delvin; by request of Department of Fish and Wildlife)

READ FIRST TIME 03/01/13.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to gray wolf conflict management; amending RCW
- 2 77.36.100, 77.36.130, and 46.17.210; reenacting and amending RCW
- 3 77.36.010; adding new sections to chapter 77.36 RCW; and creating a new
- 4 section.

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- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 6 **Sec. 1.** RCW 77.36.010 and 2009 c 521 s 184 and 2009 c 333 s 54 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
 - The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- 10 (1) "Claim" means an application to the department for compensation under this chapter.
- 12 (2) "Commercial crop" means a horticultural or agricultural 13 product, including the growing or harvested product. For the purposes 14 of this chapter all parts of horticultural trees shall be considered a 15 commercial crop and shall be eligible for claims.
- 16 (3) "((Commercial)) <u>L</u>ivestock" means cattle, sheep, and horses ((held or raised by a person for sale)).
- 18 (4) "Compensation" means a cash payment, materials, or service.
- 19 (5) "Damage" means economic losses caused by wildlife interactions.

- 1 (6) "Immediate family member" means spouse, state registered 2 domestic partner, brother, sister, grandparent, parent, child, or 3 grandchild.
 - (7) "Owner" means a person who has a legal right to commercial crops, ((commercial)) livestock, or other property that was damaged during a wildlife interaction.
- 7 (8) "Wildlife interaction" means the negative interaction and the 8 resultant damage between wildlife and commercial crops, ((commercial)) 9 livestock, or other property.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 77.36 RCW to read as follows:
 - (1) The department may pay no more than fifty thousand dollars per fiscal year from the state wildlife account created in RCW 77.12.170 for claims and assessment costs for injury or loss of livestock caused by wolves submitted under RCW 77.36.100.
 - (2) Notwithstanding other provisions of this chapter, the department may also accept and expend money from other sources to address injury or loss of livestock or other property caused by wolves consistent with the requirements on that source of funding.
- 20 (3) If any wildlife account expenditures authorized under 21 subsection (1) of this section are unspent as of June 30th of a fiscal 22 year, the state treasurer shall transfer the unspent amount to the 23 wolf-livestock conflict account created in section 3 of this act.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 77.36 RCW to read as follows:
- (1) The wolf-livestock conflict account is created in the custody 26 of the state treasurer. Any transfers under section 2 of this act must 27 be deposited in the account. The department may also deposit into the 28 29 account any grants, gifts, or donations to the state for the purposes 30 of providing compensation for injury or loss of livestock caused by wolves. Consistent with this chapter, expenditures from the account 31 may be used only for mitigation, assessment, and payments for injury or 32 loss of livestock caused by wolves. Only the director or the 33 34 director's designee may authorize expenditures from the account. 35 account is subject to allotment procedures under chapter 43.88 RCW, but 36 an appropriation is not required for expenditures.

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(2)(a) The department must maintain a list of claims submitted under RCW 77.36.100, organized chronologically by the date wolf predation is confirmed, for injury or loss of livestock caused by wolves that have been approved for payment but not yet been fully paid by the department. As funding becomes available to the department under this section, section 2 of this act, or any other source, the department must pay claims in the chronologic order they appear on the list. The department must maintain, and is authorized to pay, claims that appear on the list due to injury or loss that occurred in a previous fiscal biennium.

- (b) The payment of a claim included on the list maintained by the department under this section is conditional on the availability of specific funding for this purpose and is not a guarantee of reimbursement.
- **Sec. 4.** RCW 77.36.100 and 2009 c 333 s 55 are each amended to read 16 as follows:
 - (1)(a) Except as limited by RCW 77.36.070 ((and)), 77.36.080, and sections 2 and 3 of this act, the department shall offer to distribute money appropriated to pay claims to the owner of commercial crops for damage caused by wild deer or elk or to the owners of ((commercial)) livestock that has been killed by bears, wolves, or cougars, or injured by bears, wolves, or cougars to such a degree that the market value of the ((commercial)) livestock has been diminished. Payments for claims for damage to ((commercial)) livestock are not subject to the limitations of RCW 77.36.070 and 77.36.080, but may not, except as provided in sections 2 and 3 of this act, exceed the total amount specifically appropriated therefor.
- 28 (b) Owners of commercial crops or ((commercial)) livestock are only eligible for a claim under this subsection if:
- 30 (i) The <u>commercial crop</u> owner satisfies the definition of "eligible 31 farmer" in RCW 82.08.855;
 - (ii) The conditions of RCW 77.36.110 have been satisfied; and
- (iii) The damage caused to the commercial crop or ((commercial))
 livestock satisfies the criteria for damage established by the
 commission under (c) of this subsection.
- 36 (c) The commission shall adopt and maintain by rule criteria that clarifies the damage to commercial crops and ((commercial)) livestock

- qualifying for compensation under this subsection. An owner of a commercial crop or ((commercial)) livestock must satisfy the criteria prior to receiving compensation under this subsection. The criteria for damage adopted under this subsection must include, but not be limited to, a required minimum economic loss to the owner of the commercial crop or ((commercial)) livestock, which may not be set at a value of less than five hundred dollars.
 - (2)(a) <u>Subject to the availability of nonstate funds, nonstate resources other than cash, or amounts appropriated for this specific purpose, the department may offer to provide ((noncash)) compensation ((only)) to offset wildlife interactions to a person who applies to the department for compensation for damage to property other than commercial crops or ((commercial)) livestock that is the result of a mammalian or avian species of wildlife on a case-specific basis if the conditions of RCW 77.36.110 have been satisfied and if the damage satisfies the criteria for damage established by the commission under (b) of this subsection.</u>
 - (b) The commission shall adopt and maintain by rule criteria for damage to property other than a commercial crop or ((commercial)) livestock that is damaged by wildlife and may be eligible for compensation under this subsection, including criteria for filing a claim for compensation under this subsection.
 - (3)(a) To prevent or offset wildlife interactions, the department may offer materials or services to a person who applies to the department for assistance in providing mitigating actions designed to reduce wildlife interactions if the actions are designed to address damage that satisfies the criteria for damage established by the commission under this ((subsection)) section.
 - (b) The commission shall adopt and maintain by rule criteria for mitigating actions designed to address wildlife interactions that may be eligible for materials and services under this section, including criteria for submitting an application under this section.
 - (4) An owner who files a claim under this section may appeal the decision of the department pursuant to rules adopted by the commission if the claim:
 - (a) Is denied; or
- 37 (b) Is disputed by the owner and the owner disagrees with the 38 amount of compensation determined by the department.

- 1 (5) The commission shall adopt rules setting limits and conditions
 2 for the department's expenditures on claims and assessments for
 3 commercial crops, livestock, other property, and mitigating actions.
- **Sec. 5.** RCW 77.36.130 and 2009 c 333 s 58 are each amended to read 5 as follows:
 - (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section and as limited by RCW 77.36.100, 77.36.070, ((and)) 77.36.080, and sections 2 and 3 of this act, the cash compensation portion of each claim by the department under this chapter is limited to the lesser of:
 - (a) The value of the damage to the property by wildlife, reduced by the amount of compensation provided to the claimant by any nonprofit organizations that provide compensation to private property owners due to financial losses caused by wildlife interactions((,-except-that, subject to appropriation to pay compensation for damage to commercial livestock,)). The value of killed or injured ((commercial)) livestock may be no more than ((two hundred dollars per sheep, one thousand five hundred dollars per head of cattle, and one thousand five hundred dollars per horse)) the market value of the lost livestock subject to the conditions and criteria established by rule of the commission; or
 - (b) Ten thousand dollars.

- (2) The department may offer to pay a claim for an amount in excess of ten thousand dollars to the owners of commercial crops or ((commercial)) livestock filing a claim under RCW 77.36.100 only if the outcome of an appeal filed by the claimant under RCW 77.36.100 determines a payment higher than ten thousand dollars.
- (3) All payments of claims by the department under this chapter must be paid to the owner of the damaged property and may not be assigned to a third party.
- 29 (4) The burden of proving all property damage, including damage to 30 commercial crops and ((commercial)) livestock, belongs to the claimant.
- **Sec. 6.** RCW 46.17.210 and 2011 c 171 s 57 are each amended to read 32 as follows:
- In addition to all fees and taxes required to be paid upon application for a vehicle registration under chapter 46.16A RCW, the holder of a personalized license plate shall pay an initial fee of

- 1 ((forty-two)) <u>fifty-two</u> dollars and ((thirty-two)) <u>forty-two</u> dollars
- 2 for each renewal. The personalized license plate fee must be
- 3 distributed as provided in RCW 46.68.435.
- 4 <u>NEW_SECTION.</u> **Sec. 7.** Section 6 of this act applies only to
- 5 vehicle registrations that are due or become due on or after October 1,
- 6 2013.

Passed by the Senate April 27, 2013. Passed by the House April 25, 2013. Approved by the Governor May 21, 2013. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 21, 2013.